Subj Chron: CF/EXD/SP/1987-0023

Points Address by Mr. James P. Grant
Executive Director of the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)
at the RESULTS International Conference:
Key Developments for Children in 1986-87

Washington 17 May 1987



Item # CF/RAD/USAA/DB01/1998-02025

ExR/Code: CF/EXD/SP/1987-0023

Results International Conference . Key Development for Ch: ${\it Date\ Label\ Printed}$ 12-Dec-2001





United Nations Children's Fund Fonds des Nations Unies pour l'enfance Fondo de las Naciones Unidas para la Infancia Детскому фонду Объединенных Наций 联合国儿童基金会 منظمة الأمم المتحدة للأطفال

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KEY DEVELOPMENTS FOR CHILDREN IN 1986-87

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Executive Director of UNICEF

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RESULTS International Conference

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- I <u>Negative global economic environment</u> continues, underlining importance of <u>Adjustment with a Human Face</u> and potential for <u>Child Survival & Development Revolution (CSDR).</u>
- II Adjustment with a Human Face attention to human needs in the course of adjustment
 - 1) Rhetorical concensus e.g. IMF, Le Monde Diplomatique
 - 2) Actualization will require both (a) willingness of social sector institutions to restructure and (b) external assistance, including some recurrent costs.
 - 3) Implementation at country level increasing e.g. Pakistan, Indonesia, Algeria.
- III CSDR momentum accelerating, particularly Universal Child Immunization (UCI) and Oral Rehydration Therapy (ORT) infectious and diarrhoeal diseases are both caused by and exacerbate malnutrition, contributing to tragic cycle
 - 1) Bangalore Declaration of <u>South Asian Association for Regional</u> Cooperation (SAARC)
 - 2) UCI-1990 momentum e.g. World Health Assembly Resolution; over 80 countries acclerating efforts, including Syria, Egypt, Senegal, Indonesia, Algeria, Congo, Zimbabwe, Morocco, Cameroon, Nepal, Guatemala, Venezuela, Peru, Ethiopia, etc.; 1987 World Health Day had immunization theme; Fracophone Africa Parliamentarians' declaration

- 3) ORT momentum e.g. over 80 countries accelerating efforts, including Nigeria, Turkey, Pakistan, Nepal, etc.; World Health Assembly in May adopted 1990 targets
- 4) Growth monitoring: slower progress.
- 5) Maintaining momentum where national administration shifts e.g. Colombia, Haiti.
- 6) Mobilizing all for health for all "social mobilization"
- 7) Health through knowledge
- 8) Growing potential for expanding new ethic of world response to loud emergencies to encompass CSDR componments of silent emergencies [see SWC'87 Summary (page 3)]

IV Joint WHO-UNICEF Executive Board commitments and collaboration

- 1) Priority for social mobilization late 1980s focus on immunization
- 2) Emerging issues: (a) AIDS (b) Smoking or Health (WHA Resolution follow up)

V Children in especially difficult circumstances

- 1) El Salvador third year for three "days of tranquillity" has been completed for 1987; Central American "Children as a Bridge for Peace" initiative April 5; elsewhere (Sri Lanka, Uganda)
- 2) UNICEF report on Children in the Front Line States and South Africa (see Africa)
- 3) Street Children establishment of ChildHope

VI Africa

- 1) Children on the Front Line: the impact of apartheid, destabilization and warfare
- 2) <u>UN General Assembly Special Session</u> in May 1986: <u>Sport Aid</u> role, Special Session follow-up, including <u>Dakar Symposium of African</u> Intellectuals and <u>Artists</u>, and its follow-up.
- 3) CSDR acceleration, particularly UCI: 1986 as "Year of Immunization" in Africa 6 African countries will reach 1990 goal in 1987

VII Mobilization of global "people power" for children

- 1) Sport Aid
- 2) First Earth Run
- 3) Eurovision trans-national "Gala" broadcast for UNICEF
- 4) 2nd World All-Star Soccer Game for UNICEF at the Rosebowl
- 5) UNICEF's 40th Anniversary (11 December) and history publications

VIII The United Nations in crisis

- 1) U.S. financial withholdings and the "UN reform" effort challenge international system to break standard bureaucratic patterns; viability of individual international institutions may well depend on their ability and willingness to maximize efficiency of operation and cost-effectiveness of programme objectives
- 2) UNICEF Executive Board and Secretariat anticipated "decade of rude awakenings" as early as 1981, and began intense examination of programme as well as operational systems this led to CSDR approach of achieving maximum impact at low cost, as well as to major streamlining of UNICEF operations, with massive further reductions in Headquarters personnel and re-deployment of staff to field (now at 85%) with greater efficiency of operations

IX Historic cycle

Some 5 centuries after establishment of first state-sponsored institution for children - the Spedale degli Innocenti foundling home in Florence, which has been in continuous operation for children since $l_{\underline{}}$ - the world society's commitment to children returns there, with establishment of UNICEF's International Child Development Centre